DISCRIMINATION, HARASSMENT, SEXUAL MISCONDUCT, STALKING, AND RETALIATION POLICY

Applies to: Faculty, Staff and Students

(A) PURPOSE AND EXPECTATIONS

Rhodes State College is committed to providing an environment that emphasizes the dignity and worth of every member of its community and that is free from harassment and discrimination based upon race, color, religion, national origin, creed, service in the uniformed services (as defined in state and federal law), veteran status, sex, age, political ideas, marital or family status, pregnancy, physical or mental disability, genetic information, gender identity, gender expressions, or sexual orientation. Acts of discrimination, harassment, sexual misconduct, stalking, domestic violence, dating violence, sexual assault, and retaliation will be addressed consistent with this policy.

The law prohibits discrimination and harassment of employees or discrimination and harassment between members of the College community more generally: for example, between an instructor and a student, between two students, or between a student and an applicant or campus guest.

This policy applies in all College programs and activities, including, but not limited to, discrimination in athletics, instruction, grading, and college employment. In addition, the law prohibits retaliation against an individual for opposing any practices forbidden under this policy, for bringing a complaint of discrimination or harassment, for assisting someone with such a complaint, for attempting to stop such discrimination or harassment, or for participating in any manner in an investigation or resolution of a complaint of discrimination or harassment, or for participating in any manner in an investigation or resolution of a complaint of discrimination or harassment. It is central to the values of the College that any individual who believes they may have been the target of unlawful discrimination or harassment feel free to report their concerns for appropriate investigation and response, without fear of retaliation or retribution.

All complaints or any concerns about conduct that may violate this policy and retaliation should be filed with the College’s Title IX Coordinator:

Title IX Coordinator
Rhodes State College
4240 Campus Drive
Lima, OH 45804
419.995.8302
title9@rhodesstate.edu

Upon receiving a complaint, the Title IX Coordinator will follow the procedures described in the Discrimination Grievance Procedures.
B) POLICY

The College Administration, faculty, staff and students are responsible for assuring that the College maintains an environment for work and study free from harassment and discrimination. Harassment and discrimination impede the realization of the College's mission of distinction in education, scholarship, and service and will not be tolerated. The College's Administration seeks to eliminate harassment and discrimination through education and by encouraging faculty, staff and students to report concerns or complaints. Prompt corrective measures will be taken to stop harassment and discrimination whenever it occurs.

C) DEFINITIONS

1. DISCRIMINATION
   Discrimination is conduct that is based upon an individual’s race, color, religion, national origin, creed, service in the uniformed services (as defined in state and federal law), veteran status, sex, age, political ideas, marital or family status, pregnancy, physical or mental disability, genetic information, gender identity, gender expression, or sexual orientation that excludes an individual from participation, denies the individual the benefits of, treats the individual differently or otherwise adversely affects a term or condition of an individual’s employment, education, living environment or participation in a College program or activity. This includes failing to provide reasonable accommodation, consistent with state and federal law, to persons with disabilities.

2. HARASSMENT
   Is covered under this policy if it is based upon an individual’s race, color, religion, national origin, creed, service in the uniformed services (as defined in state and federal law), veteran status, sex, age, political ideas, marital or family status, pregnancy, physical or mental disability, genetic information, gender identity, gender expression or sexual orientation. Harassing conduct may take various forms, including verbal, graphic or written statements (including the use of cell phones or the Internet), or other conduct that may be physically threatening, harmful, or humiliating. Harassment does not have to include intent to harm, be directed at a specific target, or involve repeated incidents. Sex based harassment includes sexual harassment, which is further defined below, and sexual harassment based on stereotypical notions of what is female/feminine v. male/masculine or a failure to conform to those gender stereotypes.

A. SEXUAL HARASSMENT
   Sexual harassment can include unwelcome: sexual advances, requests for sexual favors, or other verbal or physical conduct of a sexual nature, including sexual assault. Sexual harassment, including sexual assault, can involve persons of the same or opposite sex. This policy prohibits two types of sexual harassment: quid pro quo, tangible employment or educational action (as defined below); and, sexual harassment that creates a hostile environment (as defined below).

   • Quid Pro Quo, Tangible Employment or Educational Action. This type of sexual harassment occurs when the terms or conditions of employment, educational
benefits, academic grades or opportunities, living environment or participation in a College activity is conditioned upon, either explicitly or implicitly, submission to or rejection of unwelcome sexual advances or requests for sexual favors, or such submission or rejection is a factor in decisions affecting that individual’s employment, education, living environment, or participation in a College program or activity. Generally, perpetrators will be agents or employees with some authority from the College.

B. HOSTILE ENVIRONMENT HARASSMENT
A hostile environment based on race, color, religion, national origin, creed, service in the uniformed services, veteran status, sex, age, political ideas, marital or family status, pregnancy, physical or mental disability, genetic information, gender identity, gender expression, or sexual orientation exists when harassment: is sufficiently severe, pervasive, and objectively offensive that it has the effect of unreasonably interfering with, limiting, or denying an individual the ability to participate in or benefit from the College’s educational program or has the effect of unreasonably interfering with an individual’s employment.

Harassment that creates a hostile environment violates this policy.

A hostile environment can be created by anyone involved in a college program or activity (e.g., administrators, faculty members, students, and even campus guests). Mere offensiveness is not enough to create a hostile environment. Although repeated incidents increase the likelihood that harassment has created a hostile environment, a serious incident, such as a sexual assault, even if isolated, can be sufficient.

In determining whether harassment has created a hostile environment, consideration will be made not only as to whether the conduct was unwelcome to the person who feels harassed, but also whether a reasonable person in a similar situation would have perceived the conduct as objectively offensive. Also, the following factors will be considered:

1. The degree to which the conduct affected one or more students’ education or individual’s employment;
2. The nature, scope, frequency, duration, and location of incident or incidents;
3. The identity, number, and relationships of persona involved;
4. The nature of higher education.

3. SEXUAL MISCONDUCT
Sexual misconduct includes sexual assault, inducing incapacitation for sexual purposes, sexual exploitation, and relationship violence.

A. SEXUAL ASSAULT
Sexual assault means an actual or attempted sexual contact with another person without that person’s consent. Sexual assault includes, but is not limited to:

1. Involvement in any sexual contact when the victim is unable to consent.
2. Intentional and unwelcome touching of, or coercing, forcing, or attempting to coerce or force another to touch a person’s intimate parts (defined as genital area, groin, inner thigh, buttocks, or breast).

3. Sexual intercourse without consent, including acts commonly referred to as “rape”.

B. INDUCING INCAPACITATION FOR SEXUAL PURPOSES
Includes using drugs, alcohol, or other means with the intent to affect or having an actual effect on the ability of an individual to consent or refuse to consent (as consent is defined below) to sexual contact.

C. SEXUAL EXPLOITATION
Occurs when a person takes non-consensual or abusive sexual advantage of another for anyone’s advantage or benefit other than the person being exploited, and that behavior does not otherwise constitute one of the preceding sexual misconduct offenses. Examples of behavior that could rise to the level of sexual exploitation include:

1. Prostituting another person;
2. Non-consensual visual (e.g., video, photograph) or audio-recording of sexual activity;
3. Non-consensual distribution of photos, other images, or information of an individual’s sexual activity, intimate body parts, or nakedness, with the intent to or having the effect of embarrassing an individual who is the subject of such images or information;
4. Going beyond the bounds of consent (such as letting your friends hide in the closet to watch you having consensual sex);
5. Engaging in non-consensual voyeurism;
6. Knowingly transmitting an STI, such as HIV, to another without disclosing your STI status;
7. Exposing one’s genitals in non-consensual circumstances, or inducing another to expose his or her genitals;
8. Possessing, distributing, viewing or forcing others to view illegal pornography.

D. RELATIONSHIP VIOLENCE
Abuse or violence between partners or former partners involving one or more of the following elements:

1. Battering that causes bodily injury;
2. Purposely or knowingly causing reasonable apprehension of bodily injury;
3. Emotional abuse creating apprehension of bodily injury or property damage;
4. Repeated telephonic, electronic, or other forms of communication -- anonymously or directly -- made with the intent to intimidate, terrify, harass, or threaten.

4. CONSENT
Consent is informed, freely given, and mutual. If coercion, intimidation, threats, or physical force are used there is no consent. If a person is mentally or physically incapacitated or impaired so that such person cannot understand the fact, nature or extent of the sexual situation, there is no consent; this includes impairment or incapacitation due to alcohol or drug consumption, or being asleep or unconscious. There is no consent when there is force, expressed or implied, or use of duress or deception upon the victim. Silence does not necessarily constitute consent. Past consent
to sexual activities does not imply ongoing future consent. Whether an individual has taken advantage of a position of influence over an alleged victim may be a factor in determining consent.

5. **STALKING**
   Stalking includes repeatedly following, harassing, threatening, or intimidating another by telephone, mail, electronic communication, social media, or any other action, device or method that purposely or knowingly causes substantial emotional distress or reasonable fear of bodily injury or death.

6. **DATING VIOLENCE**
   Violence committed by a person who is or has been in a social relationship of a romantic or intimate nature with the victim. The existence of such a relationship shall be determined based on the reporting party’s statement and with consideration of the length of the relationship, the type of relationship, and the frequency of interaction between the persons involved in the relationship. For the purposes of this definition – dating violence includes, but is not limited to, sexual assault or physical abuse or the threat of such abuse. Dating violence does not include acts covered under the definition of domestic violence.

7. **DOMESTIC VIOLENCE**
   A felony or misdemeanor crime of violence committed – by a current or former spouse or intimate partner of the victim; by a person with whom the victim shares a child in common; by a person who is cohabitating with, or has cohabitated with, the victim as a spouse or intimate partner; by a person similarly situated to a spouse of the victim under the domestic of family violence laws of the state of Ohio; or by any other person against an adult or youth victim who is protected from that person’s acts under the domestic or family violence laws of the state of Ohio.

8. **RETLATION**
   Retaliation is action taken by an accused individual or an action taken by a third party against any person because that person has opposed any practices forbidden under this policy or because that person has filed a complaint, testified, assisted, or participated in any manner in an investigation or proceeding under this policy. This includes action taken against a bystander who intervened to stop or attempt to stop discrimination, harassment, or sexual misconduct. Retaliation includes intimidating, threatening, coercing, or in any way discriminating against an individual because of the individual’s complaint or participation. Action is generally deemed retaliatory if it would deter a reasonable person in the same circumstances from opposing practices prohibited by this policy.

8. **OFF-CAMPUS CONDUCT**
   Conduct that occurs off campus can be the subject of a complaint or report and will be evaluated to determine whether it violates this policy, e.g. if off-campus harassment has continuing effects that create a hostile environment on campus. Allegations of off-campus sexual misconduct are of particular concern and should be brought to the College's attention.

8. **Mandatory Employee Reporting of Sex-Based Discrimination, Sexual Harassment and Sexual Misconduct Involving Students**
   In order to enable the College to respond effectively and to stop instances of sex-based discrimination, sexual harassment and sexual misconduct involving students at the College proactively, all College employees must, within 24 hours of receiving the information, report information they have about alleged or possible sex-based discrimination, sexual harassment, and sexual misconduct involving
students to the Title IX Coordinator. Employees who are statutorily prohibited from reporting such information are exempt from these reporting requirements, including licensed health-care professionals. Please note that this policy does not reach curriculum or in any way prohibit or abridge the use of particular textbooks or curricular materials.

Upon receiving a report of alleged or possible sex-based discrimination, sexual harassment, or sexual misconduct, the Title IX Coordinator will evaluate the information received and determine what further actions should be taken.

The Title IX Coordinator will follow the procedures described in the Discrimination Grievance Procedures.

The Title IX Coordinator will take steps, either directly with the complainant or through a reporting employee, to provide information about the College’s Discrimination Grievance Procedures, as well as available health and advocacy resources and options for criminal reporting.

(F) SANCTIONS AND CORRECTIVE ACTIONS
Violations of this policy will be addressed through the Discrimination Grievance Procedures. Consequences for violating this policy will depend upon the facts and circumstances of each particular situation. Sanctions and Corrective Action could include: a requirement not to repeat or continue the discriminatory, harassing, or retaliatory conduct, a reprimand, a no-contact order, denial of a merit pay increase, reassignment, suspension or termination. The severity of sanctions or corrective action will depend on the frequency and severity of the offense and any history of past discriminatory, harassing or retaliatory conduct. A finding of discrimination, harassment that creates a hostile environment or results in a tangible employment or educational action, or sexual misconduct may be cause for disciplinary action, up to and including the discharge of employees and the expulsion of students, in accordance with applicable College procedures. The College may also take appropriate action if it does not find discrimination or harassment that creates a hostile environment or results in a tangible employment or educational action, but (a) the College found that the Respondent engaged in disruptive behavior or (b) to prevent the creation of a hostile environment.

(G) AMNESTY FOR DRUG OR ALCOHOL POSSESSION AND CONSUMPTION VIOLATIONS
The College strongly encourages students to report instances of sex-based discrimination, sexual harassment, and sexual misconduct involving students. Therefore, students who report information about sex-based discrimination, sexual harassment, or sexual misconduct involving students will not be disciplined by the College for any violation of the College’s drug or alcohol possession or consumption policies in which they might have engaged in connection with the reported incident.

(H) FREE SPEECH AND ACADEMIC FREEDOM
This policy shall not be construed or applied to restrict academic freedom at the College, nor shall it be construed to restrict constitutionally protected expression, even though such expression may be offensive, unpleasant, or even hateful.

The College recognizes and protects full freedom of inquiry, teaching, research, discussion, study, publication, and for artists, the creation and exhibition of works of art, without hindrance, restriction, equivocation, or reprisal. This right extends to other facets of campus life to include the right of a faculty member or student to speak on general educational questions or about the College.
addressing all complaints and reports under this policy, the College will take all permissible actions to ensure the safety of students and employees while complying with free speech requirements for students and employees. While the College will protect students’ and employees’ rights against sex discrimination under this policy, this policy does not apply to curriculum or in any way prohibit or abridge the use of particular textbooks or curricular materials.

(I) **EXTERNAL COMPLAINTS**

If a person filed a complaint with the Title IX Coordinator and believes the College’s response was inadequate, or otherwise believes the College has discriminated on the basis of race, color, national origin, sex, including sexual harassment, disability, age, or retaliation, the individual may file a complaint with the Office for Civil Rights (OCR) of the U.S. Department of Education or the Educational Opportunities Section (Title IX Coordinator) of the Civil Rights Division of the U.S. Justice Department of Justice, and a complaint based on religion with Title IX Coordinators of the U.S. Justice Department.

If a student or employee, filed a complaint with the Title IX Coordinator and believes the College’s response was inadequate, or believes the College has discriminated on the basis of race, color, national origin, sex, including sexual harassment, disability, age, religion, creed, pregnancy, marital status, familial status (housing only), or political beliefs, or retaliation, the individual may file a complaint with the Ohio Civil Rights Commission.

(J) **RESOURCES**

The College’s Safety and Security Annual Report of on-campus crime statistics includes forcible and non-forcible sex offenses, in lieu of the single category of rape used on previous reports, as well as statistics on dating violence, domestic violence, and stalking, in compliance with the Campus Security Act.

Copies of the Safety and Security Annual Report (required by the Student Right-to-Know and Campus Security Act of 1990) which details on-campus crime statistics for the three previous calendar years may be obtained at the following locations:

- Student Advising, Public Service Building, Room 148
- Human Resources Department, Public Service Building, Room 223
- Student Activities Office, Galvin Hall Room 066
- Campus Security Office, Tech Lab, Room 140

Crime prevention materials concerning personal safety on campus, rape and date or acquaintance rape are available at the Office of Student Activities, 066 Galvin Hall or the Campus Security Office, 140 Tech Lab.

During the academic year, the Campus Security Office and the Office of Student Affairs may provide sex crime prevention information through campus publications such as the Communicator and by direct presentations to student groups on request.

**Available Counseling**
The College does offer counseling services to its students. Those students needing counseling can contact the Counseling office at (419) 995-8133. Additional counseling services are also available through the Allen County Crime Victim Services Tel: (419) 222-8666.